Operating Rooms

Agency Report:

OR Petition: Randolph Hospital

AGENCY REPORT

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Petitioners

Randolph Hospital Robert E. Morrison, President 364 White Oak Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Orthopedic Surgery Center Dr. Lance Sisco 138-A Dublin Square Road Asheboro, NC 27203

Surgical Associates of Asheboro Dr. David Gimenez and Dr. Richard Evans 171 McArthur Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Randolph Ear, Nose, and Throat Associates Dr. Charles West, Jr. 124 N. Park Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Asheboro Urology Clinic Dr. Daljit Caberwal, Dr. Prithvi Hanspal, and Dr. Roberto Chao 283 White Oak Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Central Carolina Women's Center Dr. Craig Gaccione, Dr. Yates Lennon, and Dr. Robin Meyer 237-A North Fayetteville Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Randolph Women's Health Care Dr. Kim Brooks and Dr. Tosha Rogers-Jones 311 East Presnell Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Asheboro Ophthalmology Associates Dr. Robert Handley 220 Foust Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Asheboro Foot & Ankle Dr. Timothy Vogler 225 W. Ward Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Southern Piedmont Surgical Specialists

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Dr. Michael Lininger and Dr. Andrew Moorhead 149 MacArthur Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Anesthesia of Randolph County Dr. William Buhrman, Dr. James Wilson, and Dr. Peter Carignan P.O. Box 4174 Asheboro, NC 27204

Asheboro Orthopedic Clinic Dr. Ranbir Singh and Dr. Gurmukh Walha 542 White Oak Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Dr. William Rabe, DMD 350 N. Cox Street Asheboro, NC 27203

Request

Randolph Hospital, et al., requests a special needs determination for three Operating Rooms in Randolph County.

Background Information

The Operating Room Need Methodology is based on reported surgical cases by type, i.e., inpatient cases and ambulatory/outpatient cases. The methodology incorporates a number of assumptions including: average case times for inpatient and for ambulatory procedures; average hours of operation; average days of operation per year; and anticipated percentage availability. These assumptions are intended to establish a baseline for projection of future operating room need. By their nature, "averages" do not match each individual facility's circumstances, but should be representative of general practices. The methodology also includes a "Growth Factor," linked to each service area's projected population change between the "data year" and the "target year" for need projections (i.e., over a four-year period).

During the spring of 2007, an Operating Room Methodology Work Group met four times and reviewed the methodology for projecting Operating Room need. One of the Work Group meetings included presentations made by interested parties who provided suggestions and recommendations on proposed changes to the methodology as well as their perspective on the adequacy of the methodology. The Work Group developed a set of recommendations at the last meeting. One of the Work Group's recommendations, to exclude facilities with chronically under utilized ORs from operating room need projections, was incorporated into the North Carolina State Medical Facilities Plan, beginning with the 2008 Plan.

During the spring of 2008, the State Health Coordinating Council recommended another change to the Operating Room Need Determination methodology. The change is described below:

For each OR Service Area with more than 10 operating rooms and a projected deficit of 0.50 or greater, the "Operating Room Need Determination" is equal to the "Projected

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Operating Room Deficit" rounded to the next whole number. (In this step, fractions of 0.50 or greater are rounded to the next highest whole number.) For each OR Service Area with more than 10 operating rooms and a projected deficit that is less than 0.50 or in which there is a projected surplus, the Operating Room Need Determination is zero.

For each OR Service Area with six to 10 operating rooms and a projected deficit of .3 or greater, the "Operating Room Need Determination" is equal to the "Projected Operating Room Deficit rounded to the next whole number. (In this step, fractions of .3 or greater are rounded to the next highest whole number.) For each OR Service Area with six to 10 operating rooms and a projected deficit that is less than 0.30 or in which there is a projected surplus, the Operating Room Need Determination is zero.

For each OR Service Area with five or fewer operating rooms and a projected deficit of .2 or greater, the "Operating Room Need Determination" is equal to the "Projected Operating Room Deficit rounded to the next whole number. (In this step, fractions of .2 or greater are rounded to the next highest whole number.) For each OR Service Area with five or fewer operating rooms and a projected deficit that is less than 0.20 or in which there is a projected surplus, the Operating Room Need Determination is zero.

In deference to the standard methodology, Chapter 2 of the Plan allows persons to petition for an adjusted need determination in consideration of "...unique or special attributes of a particular geographic area or institution...," if they believe their needs are not appropriately addressed by the standard methodology.

Analysis/Implications

As noted in the petition, Randolph Hospital inadvertently understated surgical volumes on their 2008 Hospital License Renewal Application. When the need for additional operating rooms in Randolph County is recalculated using the corrected number of surgical cases, there is need for one additional operating room.

However, the petitioner is requesting three additional operating rooms, and the Agency notes the following regarding this request:

- The petitioner provides data related to the ratio of OR's to population as a rationale for the request. As the Agency has noted in the past, this is not a valid comparison for the requested adjustments. Differences across the state in the ratio of OR's to population came about because the State has not always regulated operating rooms. Additionally, while the current Operating Room Methodology does not include calculating the ratio of OR's to population, the Methodology uses both operating room inventory and projected population as factors in projecting need.
- The petitioner indicates that the operating rooms at Randolph Hospital are staffed eight hours per day for 253 days per year, which differs from the assumptions of nine hours per day, 260 days per year used in the standard methodology. Whereas the petitioner does not request a methodology change, this difference in assumptions is used as a rationale for the petition.
- The Agency notes that to date only one of the Operating Room Work Group's
 recommendations has been incorporated into the <u>Proposed 2009 North Carolina State</u>
 <u>Medical Facilities Plan (SMFP)</u>. However, additional recommendations, expected to
 refine and improve the Operating Room Methodology, are to be incorporated into
 future SMFPs. The recommendations are shown below:

- Recommendation 2 Hospital tiers: Recommend DFS develop capacity to further
 refine the OR methodology incorporating all three Basic Principles governing the
 development of the State Medical Facilities Plan using facility specific total
 surgical hours, as reported in the license renewal data, to develop tiers of like
 institutions. This would allow calculation of median resource hours per day and
 case times per tier group, to be considered by the Acute Care Services Committee,
 for replacing the current use of 9 hours of OR availability, 3 hours for inpatient
 cases, and 1.5 hours for outpatient cases.
- Recommendation 3A "Uniform Procedure Count": Recommend the SHCC adopt
 utilization of accurate verifiable billing data to count the number of procedures that
 require the use of an operating room, in both inpatient and outpatient surgical
 facilities.
- Recommendation 3B License Renewal Application: Improve the License Renewal Application Data to make it more accurate and verifiable by revising terminology, clarifying definitions, and providing instruction and guidance regarding key data elements. Focus specifically on improving the reporting of average resource hours, inpatient case time, outpatient case time, and number of inpatient and outpatient cases. Consider the feasibility of electronic data reporting.
- Recommendation 4 Enforce required reporting of "Uniform Billing" data:
 Change the Medical Care Data Act such that DFS is given the authority to enforce
 sanctions for non-compliance with reporting all required information to the
 Statewide Data Processor.
- Recommendation 5 Panel of experts: Recommend DFS convene a panel of
 experts to determine which ICD and CPT procedure codes should be included when
 planning for operating room capacity. This list would be used with the "Uniform
 Billing" data to ensure the same procedures are counted in each facility regardless
 of where the procedures are performed.
 - Levying fines against the provider (in an amount likely to change the provider's behavior)
 - Issuing time limited CON's and making extension of the CON dependent on the CON holder meeting the access projections made in its CON application

Agency Recommendation

The Agency recognizes that this petition is a collaborative effort between the hospital and several physicians and commends that collaboration. The Agency supports the evolving standard operating room methodology and in consideration of the above, recommends denial of the request for three additional operating rooms. However, the Agency recommends the corrected data submitted by the petitioner be included in the 2009 SMFP, which results in a need determination for one additional operating room for Randolph County.